

WAR ON THE SALOONS IS WAGING

(From Saturday's Advertiser)

The annual meeting of the Anti-Saloon League was held in the assembly hall of the Y. M. C. A. last night, a goodly attendance being present. Rev. John W. Wadman, president of the league, was in the chair.

After an opening song by the congregation, Rev. O. H. Gulick offered a prayer, which was followed by music by the Christian church choir.

The following annual report of the league was delivered by Rev. John W. Wadman, president of the league:

ANNUAL ADDRESS.

The Anti-Saloon League is a company of men banded together in a united effort for the accomplishment of a certain well-defined object. We are not a political party, though we are obliged to do somewhat with politics. We are not a religious sect, though the principles involved in the creation and constitution of our league are the fundamental outgrowth of our Christian religion. We are not a body of fanatics nor yet an organization of partisans, though we are frequently denounced as the former and characterized as the latter. In a word, we are an organized association of citizens with a definite belief in our thinking and a definite principle in our acting. We are anti-saloons, and anti-saloons in the sense that we do not believe in existence of the saloon as a legitimate form of business and therefore ought not to be licensed by our Government nor permitted to ply its trade by the voice of public opinion.

The saloon is a menace to the happiness of the individual, the welfare of the home and the stability of the state. It is directly and indirectly the cause of a large percentage of the crime and misery of the community, and through our Government exchequer gives something in revenue from the sale of licenses, yet the expense of maintaining such public institutions as jails, hospitals, asylums, etc., is largely increased owing to the business of the same. Primarily, therefore, it is against the saloon itself or rather the public recognition of the same as a legitimate form of business that, as leaguers, we are arrayed in opposition and conflict.

SALOON KEEPERS.

With the men themselves engaged in the traffic, many of whom pass as respectable members of society, we are not in open battle except that we endeavor to see, so far as we are able, that they conform with the legislation governing the traffic and keep the laws of the state. Many of these men themselves feel that if it were not for the being it gives them and their families they would quit the business at once. Not a few know that the trade is more or less disreputable and would gladly enter any other branch of business if the way would open up.

But just as long as public opinion sanctions the traffic and the Government grants its license, then these men are not so much to be blamed as the conditions which permit the evil to exist at all.

Who, then, is to be blamed? The Government? Yes and no. "Yes," if the legislators enact laws not in harmony with the wish and will of the electors, an evil which can be very easily rectified when these representatives give return to the polls seeking a renewal of our suffrages. "No," if we choose men, not possessing well-defined conscientious principles on this burning question, who are ready to enact laws permitting the traffic to exist so long as the revenue doesn't suffer nor their constituents grow dissatisfied. It is, therefore, in its final analysis, a question for the people themselves to decide.

The onus of responsibility lies with the electorate. The ballot box is the determining factor—the conscience of the people. You and I, possessing the power of suffrage, are the responsible parties. The legislators are our representatives, and if they do not conform to the wishes of the people who elect them for legislative duty and do not enact laws for the abolition of the saloon or the regulation of the trade as we, the electors, think it should be controlled, then it is up to the people themselves—the electorate—to see that their wishes are obeyed and the proper legislation is secured.

RESPONSIBILITY.

As leaguers we must work for this. We must educate public opinion. A government of the people, by the people and for the people will be good or bad, strong or weak, healthy or sick as the will of the people expresses it. The people! The people! We often pray, "God save the President." God save the Government. But we should also pray, and that, too, with great earnestness, "God save the people."

It is a cause for thankfulness that evidences are not lacking of a more enlightened and forcible public sentiment on the liquor question—a question no longer a bugbear to frighten good men nor a football to be kicked hither and thither by conscienceless citizens, but now raised to the dignity and power of a national issue. The exciting political campaign which took place last autumn in the states of New York, Pennsylvania and Ohio, in which the temperance issue was prominently at stake, resulted in showing that nothing ever stirs the conscience of men like a moral in politics.

2nd. That the saloon element, whose real strength has been and is still too often entirely overrated, can not stand an hour before a well-organized, enlightened and united Christian public.

3rd. That the intelligent voter is no longer a slave under the party lash, but is ready to cast his ballot for righteous men and righteous law whenever his intellect is convinced and his conscience awakened. If then we are

thoroughly convinced that the saloon should be curtailed and the tide of drunkenness stayed and the homes and liberties of our Christian citizenship preserved, let us, as a league of citizens, with the best interests of the community always at heart, do all we can to educate the people and create such a public sentiment as will secure for our Territory and our country such results as were the outcome of the conflict in the states already named.

THANKS THE ADVERTISER.

During the year we have not accomplished all that is in our hearts to do. Our committees have had their regular sessions, reports have been made, literature has been published, and an agent, in the person of Mr. John M. Martin, secured. Mr. Martin has been busy at work here in the city and some of the neighboring outlying districts and has also made two extensive tours of the other islands. He is deeply interested in his work and has, in the brief months of his engagement as our agent, shown himself well adapted for the position—a position needing great tact and whole-soul consecration. The public press has shown us every courtesy as a league.

For the noble stand taken by the Advertiser not only on the liquor question but especially on that of gambling, a concomitant evil, we are indebted for the public exposure of this vice and the crusade inaugurated against it. The recent deliverances on this question from the bench of His Honor Justice De Bolt are also greatly to be commended and will tend towards a more enlightened conscience on what our police authorities should seek to entirely wipe out whether the evil exists in the higher or lower classes of society.

Much remains yet to be done. Our present liquor law is bad—worse than the worst. The truth is our Territory is now wide open to the traffic and drunkenness is greatly on the increase. It is our weaker brother who suffers the most. The native and the Oriental is subjected to the greater temptation and the bloody crimes recently committed are largely due to the increased forms of drinking now prevailing. Our authorities are not blind to this awful fact. From the Acting Governor down, the officials themselves feel that unless some radical change takes place in the laws now controlling this evil, more terrible results will follow in suffering and in crime. Even the liquor men of the more reputable class are convinced that something must be done. And so with the government officials on our side, the press in sympathy with us, the more intelligent members of the community awake to the importance of the issue at stake, it is for us as a league to put on the whole armor of righteousness and go forth to valiant warfare in defense of our homes and our liberties against an evil which has too long menaced our welfare and destroyed the lives of countless numbers of our fellow-citizens.

TREASURER'S REPORT.

The report of Treasurer W. D. Westervelt was as follows:

RECEIPTS AND DISBURSEMENTS FROM MARCH 31, 1905, TO MARCH 31, 1906.

Receipts.	
Cash from previous year.....	\$254.25
C. M. Cooke.....	25.00
G. P. Castle.....	40.00
W. A. Brown.....	40.00
Mrs. Mary Castle.....	50.00
Mr. and Mrs. Westervelt.....	20.00
Mr. and Mrs. Theo. Richards.....	20.00
Christian Church.....	20.00
Lyle A. Dickey.....	3.00
W. A. Wadman.....	1.00
O. H. Gulick.....	1.00
E. B. Turner.....	1.00
A. V. Soares.....	1.00
James A. Rath.....	2.00
C. H. Dickey.....	1.00
Dr. Mitamura.....	2.00
A. Friend.....	5.00
.....	
\$511.25	

Disbursements.	
To Wooley Lectures, vouchers 1 to 6.....	\$125.50
To Social Purity Leaflets, vouchers 7 to 10.....	23.00
To Office Expenses, vouchers 11 to 12.....	6.50
To Cablegrams, vouchers 13 to 14.....	18.55
To John Martin Acct. Salary, vouchers 15, 17 and 22.....	137.50
To John Martin for Traveling Expenses, vouchers 16, 21, 23.....	102.95
To Printing Bills, vouchers 18, 19, 20, 24.....	16.00
Total disbursements for year.....	
Cash on hand.....	\$125.75
.....	
\$511.25	

MARTIN'S WORK.

John A. Martin, agent of the league, reported on the work of the past year in his inimitable and interesting style. He was pleased with the work done but looked forward to yet greater results in the present year.

The meeting was then addressed by Rev. G. D. Edwards who spoke forcefully and eloquently on the cause of temperance and a closing hymn by the congregation brought the session to a close.

OFFICERS ELECTED.

The routine business of the meeting resulted in the election of the following officers for the ensuing year:

President, Rev. J. W. Wadman; Vice President, W. A. Brown; Hon. Vice President, Mrs. J. M. Whitney; Secretary, Rev. E. B. Turner; Treasurer, Rev. W. D. Westervelt; Vice President for Hawaii, Dr. A. S. Baker; Vice President for Kauai, Rev. J. M. Lydgate; Vice President for Maui, Rev. Buzakia; Chairman of Legislation Committee, Rev. G. D. Edwards; Chairman of Law Enforcement Committee, Mr. J. M. Martin; Chairman of Legal Protection Committee, Rev. O. H. Gulick; Chairman of Legislation Committee, Dr. D. Scudder; Chairman of Finance Committee, Mr. G. P. Castle.

The Anti-Saloon League of Honolulu will in future be known as the Anti-Saloon League of Hawaii.

There will in future be three or more vice presidents in place of three.

The employment of an agent will be recognized in the by-laws of the league.

LATE NEWS NOTES

From Coast Files.

The California floods are subsiding.

The new cruiser Washington is ready for her trial trip.

The anti-railroad pass bill has passed the Ohio Senate.

There are two thousand outlaws in the province of Samar.

The street car men of Oakland are getting ready for a big strike.

The Denver Short Line railway is seeking a terminal in San Francisco.

A plan is on foot to put wireless telegraphy under international control.

Justice Harlan denies that he will retire from the Supreme Court bench.

The chief of police at Sacramento has closed the gambling games there.

The city of Oakland, California, was flooded by a cloudburst on March 30.

Mexico wants to sell the peninsula of lower California to the United States.

Rich placer gold fields have been discovered at Cedar Creek, in Southern Utah.

The battleship New Jersey made a sustained speed of 19.18 knots in her trial trip.

The United States grand jury in Oregon is still uncovering timber land frauds.

The new consolidated Presbyterian church at Cincinnati is to have its own garage.

Pittsburg brokers have organized to protect the people from fake mining companies.

Mark Twain has written a letter expressing his sympathy with the Russian revolutionists.

J. C. Stubbs says that business on the Pacific Coast is better than it has been in years.

Secretary Taft wants a cable to Panama by way of Key West, Porto Rico and Guantanamo.

H. E. Huntington will build an electric car line from Los Angeles to San Diego and La Jolla.

Mrs. Ella Hawks Reader, wife of a promoter, is suing J. B. Haggin for over three millions for slander.

A wealthy bachelor of English, Indiana, found eight babies left on his doorstep a few mornings since.

The San Francisco grand jury has approved of the policemen and roasted the heads of the department.

The Los Angeles and Salt Lake railway has been damaged to the extent of a million dollars by washouts.

People are leaving the island of Ustica, in the Mediterranean, because of continuous earthquakes there.

The New York grand jury has again taken up the matter of rebates paid by the railroads to the Sugar Trust.

An organized effort is said to be under way to stir up discontent against the Americans in the Philippines.

Two burglars broke into eight houses at Redding, California, in one night and secured a watch in each house.

Ten thousand negro colonists from the United States are to be settled on land in the state of Tamaulipas, Mexico.

Mrs. Mary Wallace of Denver was killed by being caught in the elevator in the Senate wing of the Capitol at Washington.

The Pyramid Mining Company of Nevada, met in the Wall street offices of the concern, and the meeting degenerated into a free fight, the president beating the vice-president so soundly that that gentleman has been compelled to take to his bed.

The California delegation in Congress is making a strong fight against the Foster bill to modify the Chinese exclusion act.

The DeForest Wireless Telegraph Company has succeeded in sending a message from Coney Island to the coast of Ireland.

Mrs. Elizabeth Hoffmann, a bed-ridden invalid of Oakland, killed herself because she did not want to burden her husband.

The Mayor of Tucson, Arizona, has been arrested charged with selling his vote in a recent special bond election held in that city.

A messenger boy in Texas found five thousand dollars worth of diamonds belonging to Bernhardt, and was rewarded with a quarter.

Cuyahoga county, Ohio, shows a record during the past two years of one divorce suit filed for every four marriage licenses taken out.

Thieves recently invaded the criminal court building at Chicago and picked the pocket of a confidence man in the corridor awaiting trial.

Griffith Jenkins Griffith, now serving a two-years' sentence in San Quentin for attempting to kill his wife in Los Angeles, is a millionaire.

The Chicago police have been permitted by Mayor Duane to form a labor union of their own. They will be handy with their clubs in case they want to strike.

California landlits have been discovered using dynamite to start landslides intended to rush down and overwhelm railway trains, thereby making train robbery easy.

It is said that Mrs. Emily Le Doux, who is accused of the murder of A. N. McVicar at Stockton, California, tried to poison the man in San Francisco on a former occasion.

Mayor A. Torrey of Eureka, California, has been impeached by the local anti-saloon league for failure to enforce the town ordinances against gambling and closing saloons.

A lot of Hindus confined in the jail at Oakland, California, for robbery are starving because their religious belief does not permit them to eat jail fare. They are Buddhists.

A brutal Pole attacked a little girl in a Chicago school yard, knocked her down, kicked her and bit her nose partly off. He was saved from lynching only by the quick action of the police.

A farmer of Benecia, California, has secured a verdict against the Selby Smelting Company because the fumes from its smelter poisoned his hay crop, and caused the death of live stock.

Earl Minto, Viceroy of India, says it is a mistake to suppose that the Russian reverses in Manchuria have made the Indian frontier safe. On the contrary, he thinks the danger is increased.

Marth S. Gielow of Alabama, president of the Southern Industrial Educational Association, says there are two million whites in the Appalachian region of the south who can neither read nor write.

William Downs of Denver, aged eight years, submitted to have his arm cut off by surgeons, and cried afterwards through fear that his mother would punish him. He did not whimper during the surgical operation.

A storm uprooted an aged tree in Indiana recently, and exposed to view twenty-one thousand dollars in gold buried there. It is believed to have been hidden forty years ago by a miser named Patten. His relatives still own the place, and secured the money.

The truth about Walter Scott, otherwise "Scotty" the eccentric so-called miner of Death Valley, seems to be coming out. He is wanted for an assault to murder, and the officers who raided his camp found there plunder said to have been stolen from the Confidence Mine when that property was raided by bandits a year or so ago. "Scotty" is the spectacular genius who chartered a special train and beat the record from Los Angeles to Chicago, taking a reporter for one of the Hearst papers along to write up the trip. "Scotty," however, denies that the plunder was found, or that the camp was his.

Sugar Statistics

Willott & Gray.

The Week.—Hawaii: Advanced 34c. 8.75c. for 96 test Centrifugals at New York. First Marks German Granulated f. o. b. Hamburg 10c. 6d., without bounty, equal to 4.50c. New York duty paid.

Estimated amounts to the United States from Cuba and West Indies, 40,000 tons; Hawaii, 32,000 tons; Peru, 10,000 tons. Total, 82,000 tons. Hamburg, 8c. 6d. per cwt. for 88 deg. analysis, without bounty, equal to

usually understood that the lowest price named for refined here is basis of

Granulated, in barrels and bags, 4.50c. net cash, by Federal and Arbuckle.

Statistics by Special Cables.—Cuba.—The six principal ports: Receipts, 52,000 tons; exports, 20,800 tons; stock, 207,000 tons, against 252,000 tons last year; 179 centrals grinding against 177 last year.

This week's summary of the statistical position shows stocks in the United States and Cuba together of 434,716 tons, against 401,852 tons last week and 468,675 tons last year, a decrease of 33,959 tons from last year.

Europe.—Stock in Europe, 3,520,000 tons, against 2,311,000 tons last year.

Hamburg reports no shipments of sugar to the United States this week.

Visible Supply.—Total stock of Europe and America, 3,954,417 tons, against 2,779,675 tons last year at the same uneven dates. The increase of stock is 1,175,041 tons, against an increase of 1,170,317 tons last week. Total stocks and alofts together, show a visible supply of 4,044,717 tons, against 2,924,675 tons last year, or an increase of 1,120,041 tons.

Raw.—The week under review continues to show the same slow but steady improvement in quotations, noted since the low level was passed. It may prove that this recovery is only the natural gain making from the extreme large difference between Cuba Centrifugals and the world's price of sugar in Hamburg. A few weeks ago this difference showed the loss of the entire advantage to Cuba from reciprocity, but now Cuba has recovered to the average loss of the past two years, say about one-half of the advantage of reciprocity. Advances from the present parity must depend largely on outside conditions for the future.

The weather for sowing the new European beet crop is reported by Mr. Licht to be unfavorable for two weeks past, which is quite an important feature as, if continued, it must result in diminished sowings and smaller crop estimates.

As regards Cuba, however, the making of the crop now goes on without material interruption, with the full number of centrals at work and plenty of cane in sight to complete the estimated crop, if the weather permits. It will soon appear whether the full number of centrals will continue to work or gradually fall off the same as last year in April. In the meantime crop receipts at shipping ports increase on same weeks of last year, and no sure indications of reduced final estimates are yet in sight. With the improvement in the refined market there is a good steady demand for raws with buyers willing to pay 2 7/8c. c. and f. for nearby or March Cuba shipments (equal to 3 9/16c. landed, which is the spot quotation) and desirous of having more supply than is offering of April shipment at 2 1/4c. c. and f. for 96 deg. test.

Receipts for the week were 40,844 tons, meltings 39,000 tons and stock 227,716 tons.

European markets have remained very steady during the entire week between 8s. 5 1/4d. and 8s. 6d., closing at 8s. 6d. for 88 deg. analysis beet f. o. b. Hamburg, equal to 3.77c. for 96 deg. test Centrifugals at New York.

Beet futures are quoted at 8s. 9d. for August and 8s. 19 1/2d. for October-December delivery.

Refined.—Following the improvement in raws during the last fortnight, the demand for refined increased and a general advance was established of 3 points by American, Howell and Arbuckle, and 5 points by Federal, making all refiners' lists on the same basis, say 4.60c. less 1 per cent. cash for Granulated.

Abundant opportunity was given buyers to engage 30 days' supplies ahead, under contracts, with the usual guarantee, on the old basis of 4.50c., and then the American and Howell became firm at 4.60c. The Arbuckle and Federal refineries, however, are still willing to consider orders at 4.50c., coming in from belated buyers.

Withdrawals are received in good volume, showing a large consumption. New Orleans also advanced 10 points, to basis of 4.60c. less 1 per cent. cash for Granulated.

We learn that the Hawaiian Refinery, at Crockett, California, began operations on March 10, and is now selling its product.

The San Francisco market advanced 10 points yesterday on the strength of the general situation, the competition of the Crockett Refinery not yet assuming sufficient importance to affect prices.

A Plea for Pheasant.

The following timely plea for the pheasant, is made in the current issue of the Maui News:

At this time of year, as every one knows, the Chinese pheasants are nesting and will soon bring forth their young, adding life to our fields and forests that but for them are nearly destitute of birds. In spite of the conditions that exist hunters persist in shooting these birds that are a delight to all.

Probably many will hold that during certain seasons of the year these birds may be killed, but no true sportsman would think of shooting them at this season.

Owing to the great presence of great numbers of mongrels, it is a hard struggle for existence of any ground nesting bird and many have been exterminated by them.

Let those who are given to wantonly slaughtering these pheasants pause and consider, and then recognizing the wrong they have done, give the birds a chance for life at least while they are bringing forth and caring for their young.

LINGERING COUGHS.

Persistent coughs that continue through the spring and summer usually indicate some throat or lung trouble and it is a serious mistake to neglect them. Chamberlain's Cough Remedy is famous for its cures of coughs of this nature and a few doses taken in time may save a doctor's bill and perhaps years of suffering. For sale by all Dealers and Druggists. Bennett, Smith & Co., Ltd., Agents for Hawaii.

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